

1996 LOCH SURVEY: STRATHCLYDE* AREA

Code NX4913 Name LOCH DOON Grid Ref NX496970
 Date 15th August 1996 Surveyors SSD/NSW/WD Estate SCOTTISH POWER
 Area 767.8 ha Altitude 210 m Catchment ha Geology 14/12/49
 Water colour VERY PALE BROWN Clarity CLEAR Boat used NO Secchi disc depth 1 m
 Loch type 3 Edge type(s) S9a, S19a, S19b, S22a, S11, M23a, M23b, S10a (NVC codes)
 Status LOCH DOON SSSI Access 1 Road/houses present (underline)
 Land use % Open water Semi-natural Forestry Agriculture

3093.1 NX49
 3093.2 NX40
 3093.3 NX59

Substrate types (underline main type, tick others present)

- Bedrock
- Boulders (>30cm max diam.)
- Stones (5-30cm diam.)
- Gravel (4-50mm diam.)
- Sand (0.1-4mm diam.)
- Silt (<0.1mm diam.)
- Organic mud
- Peat
- Artificial embankment

USES AND DAMAGE

Use	Observations
Adjacent forestry	<u>Extensive Forestry plantations in catchment - adjoin loch esp. along E. side</u>
Agricultural pollution	.....
Edge trampling	<u>Massive 'edge' not a problem</u>
Fishing (edge/boat)	<u>Angling club c.20 boats. Bank Fishing</u>
Litter	<u>Peripheral informal caravan sites</u>
Shooting	.....
Water abstraction	<u>Hydro-electric supply system. Heavy recreational pressure - W. side.</u>

SURROUNDING LAND USE:

Commercial Forestry.
Rough grazing.
Informal caravan parks. Car parks. Buildings

FAUNA

Mammals Birds Reptiles & Amphibians Fish Dragonflies & other invertebrates
Corulegaster boltonii

SPECIES DIVERSITY

Edge 29
 Open water 11
 Total 38

RARE SPECIES

Scarce (*)
 Red Data Book (**)

WATER CHEMISTRY

Alkalinity 9.02 meq/l
 Conductivity 43 µS/cm
 p.H. 5.6

1996 STRATHCLYDE AREA LOCH SURVEY: AQUATIC PLANT SPECIES LIST

Code NX4913 Site name LOCH DOON Grid ref NX496970 Date 15 AUG 1996

EMERGENT & EDGE SPECIES

100m² dist²
N X N
49 59 40

Map code	Species	DAFOR	49	59	40
Ac	<i>Acorus calamus</i>				
<u>Ags</u>	<u><i>Agrostis stolonifera</i></u>	A	/	/	/
Al	<i>Alisma lanceolatum</i>				
Apa	<i>Alisma plantago-aquatica</i>				
Apn	<i>Apium nodiflorum</i>				
Bar	<i>Baldellia ranunculoides</i>				
Ber	<i>Berula erecta</i>				
Bom	<i>Bolboschoenus maritimus</i>				
Bu	<i>Butomus umbellatus</i>				
Cal	<i>Calla palustris</i>				
<u>Cap</u>	<u><i>Caltha palustris</i></u>	R	/		
Cxat	<i>Carex acuta</i>				
Cxaf	<i>Carex acutiformis</i>				
Cxa	<i>Carex aquatilis</i>				
Cxl	<i>Carex lasiocarpa</i>				
Cxli	<i>Carex limosa</i>				
<u>Cxn</u>	<u><i>Carex nigra</i></u>	F	/	/	/
Cxpc	<i>Carex pseudocyperus</i>				
Cxri	<i>Carex riparia</i>				
<u>Cxro</u>	<u><i>Carex rostrata</i></u>	O/LA	/	/	/
<u>Cxv</u>	<u><i>Carex vesicaria</i></u>	R/LF	/		
Ca	<i>Catabrosa aquatica</i>				
Civ*	<i>Cicuta virosa</i>				
Clm	<i>Cladium mariscus</i>				
Des*	<i>Deschampsia setacea</i>				
Ela	<i>Eleocharis acicularis</i>				
Elm	<i>Eleocharis multicaulis</i>				
<u>Elp</u>	<u><i>Eleocharis palustris</i></u>	F	/	/	/
Elq	<i>Eleocharis quinqueflora</i>				
Elu	<i>Eleocharis uniglumis</i>				
<u>Eof</u>	<u><i>Equisetum fluviatile</i></u>	O/LF	/	/	/
<u>Egp</u>	<u><i>Equisetum palustre</i></u>	R/LF	/		
<u>Fra</u>	<u><i>Eriophorum angustifolium</i></u>	LF	/	/	
Gld	<i>Glyceria declinata</i>				
<u>Glf</u>	<u><i>Glyceria fluitans</i></u>	O/LD	/	/	
Glm	<i>Glyceria maxima</i>				
Gln	<i>Glyceria notata</i>				
<u>Hip</u>	<u><i>Hippuris vulgaris</i></u>	O/LF	/	/	/
<u>Hyd</u>	<u><i>Hydrocotyle vulgaris</i></u>	F	/	/	/
Ip	<i>Iris pseudacorus</i>				
Iv	<i>Iris versicolor</i>				
<u>Jac</u>	<u><i>Juncus acutiflorus</i></u>	F/LA	/	/	/
Jaa*	<i>Juncus alpinoarticulatus</i>				
Ja	<i>Juncus articulatus</i>	F	/	/	/
Jb	<i>Juncus bulbosus</i>	A	/	/	/
Jc	<i>Juncus conglomeratus</i>	R/LF	/		
Je	<i>Juncus effusus</i>	F	/	/	/
Lit	<i>Littorella uniflora</i>	F/LD	/	/	/
Lyc*	<i>Lycopodiella inundata</i>				
Lyt*	<i>Lysimachia thyrsoiflora</i>				
<u>Lyp</u>	<u><i>Lythrum portula</i></u>	F	/	/	/
Lys	<i>Lythrum salicaria</i>				
Ma	<i>Mentha aquatica</i>				
Mt	<i>Menyanthes trifoliata</i>				
Mg	<i>Mimulus guttatus</i>				
Ml	<i>Mimulus luteus</i>				
Mm	<i>Mimulus moschatus</i>				

Map code	Species	DAFOR	49	59	40
Mi	<i>Mimulus sp.</i>				
Mon	<i>Montia fontana</i>	LF	/	/	/
<u>Myl</u>	<u><i>Myosotis laxa</i></u>	R	/	/	/
Msc	<i>Myosotis scorpioides</i>				
<u>Msec</u>	<u><i>Myosotis secunda</i></u>	R	/	/	/
Oc	<i>Oenanthe crocata</i>				
Of	<i>Oenanthe fistulosa</i>				
Pam	<i>Persicaria amphibia</i>				
<u>Ph</u>	<u><i>Persicaria hydropiper</i></u>	F/LA	/	/	/
Pha	<i>Phalaris arundinacea</i>				
Phr	<i>Phragmites australis</i>				
<u>Pop</u>	<u><i>Potentilla palustris</i></u>	O/LF	/	/	/
<u>Rfl</u>	<u><i>Ranunculus flammula</i></u>	F	/	/	/
<u>Rh</u>	<u><i>Ranunculus hederaceus</i></u>	R	/	/	/
RI	<i>Ranunculus lingua</i>				
<u>Ro</u>	<u><i>Ranunculus omiophyllus</i></u>	R	/	/	/
Rs	<i>Ranunculus sceleratus</i>				
Roa	<i>Rorippa amphibia</i>				
Roi	<i>Rorippa islandica</i>				
Rm	<i>Rorippa microphylla</i>				
Rna	<i>Rorippa nasturtium-aquaticum</i>				
Rxa**	<i>Rumex aquaticus</i>				
Rxh	<i>Rumex hydrolapathum</i>				
Sal	<i>Sagittaria latifolia</i>				
Sl	<i>Schoenoplectus lacustris</i>				
St	<i>Schoenoplectus tabernaemontani</i>				
Spem	<i>Sparganium emersum</i>				
Sper	<i>Sparganium erectum</i>				
Ta	<i>Typha angustifolia</i>				
Tl	<i>Typha latifolia</i>				
Vaa	<i>Veronica anagallis-aquatica</i>				
Vb	<i>Veronica beccabunga</i>				
Vc	<i>Veronica catenata</i>				
<u>Vs</u>	<u><i>Veronica scutellata</i></u>	F	/	/	/
	<i>Persicaria minor</i>	F	/	/	/

SPECIES TOTAL

29

Other edge species

<u>Cxd</u>	<u><i>Carex viridula ssp. oedocarpa (=C. demissa)</i></u>	F	/	/	/
<u>Cxe</u>	<u><i>Carex echinata</i></u>	O	/	/	/
Cxel	<i>Carex elata</i>				
<u>Cxp</u>	<u><i>Carex panicea</i></u>	F	/	/	/
Cxpa	<i>Carex paniculata</i>				
<u>Gp</u>	<u><i>Galium palustre</i></u>	O	/	/	/
Sa	<i>Senecio aquaticus</i>				
<u>Tp</u>	<u><i>Triglochin palustre</i></u>	F	/	/	/
<u>Vp</u>	<u><i>Viola palustris</i></u>	O/LF	/	/	/

Note: * = Scarce plants (occurring in 16-100 10x10km squares in Great Britain) known to occur in the Scottish Environment Agency West Region.

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All species names follow those in Stace 1991.

OLL6/95

1996 STRATHCLYDE AREA LOCH SURVEY: AQUATIC PLANT SPECIES LIST

Code NX4913 Site name LOCH DOON Grid ref NX496970 Date 15 AUG 1996

NX49
NX59
NX40

SUBMERGED & FLOATING SPECIES

10km² dist²:

Map code	Species	DAFOR	NX49	59	NX50	Map code	Species	DAFOR	NX49	59	NX40
Api	<i>Apium inundatum</i>	.....				Pob	<i>Potamogeton obtusifolius</i>	.....		
Af	<i>Azolla filiculoides</i>	.....				Ppec	<i>Potamogeton pectinatus</i>	.....		
Bar	<i>Baldellia ranunculoides</i>	.....				Pper	<i>Potamogeton perfoliatus</i>	.....		
Cab	<i>Callitriche brutia</i>	.....				Ppol	<i>Potamogeton polygonifolius</i>	<u>OLF</u>	✓	✓	✓
<u>Cah</u>	<u><i>Callitriche hamulata</i></u>	<u>A</u>	✓	✓	✓	Ppra	<i>Potamogeton praelongus</i>	.....		
Cher	<i>Callitriche hermaphroditica</i>	.....				Ppu	<i>Potamogeton pusillus</i>	.....		
Cao	<i>Callitriche obtusangula</i>	.....				Pxsp	<i>Potamogeton x sparganifolius</i>	.....		
Cpla	<i>Callitriche platycarpa</i>	.....				Pt*	<i>Potamogeton trichoides</i>	.....		
<u>Cas</u>	<u><i>Callitriche stagnalis</i></u>	<u>F</u>	✓	✓	✓	Pxz	<i>Potamogeton x zizii</i>	.....		
Ca	<i>Callitriche sp.</i>	.....				Ra	<i>Ranunculus aquatilis</i>	.....		
Ced	<i>Ceratophyllum demersum</i>	.....				Rb	<i>Ranunculus baudotii</i>	.....		
Crh	<i>Crassula helmsii</i>	.....				Rc	<i>Ranunculus circinatus</i>	.....		
Ela*	<i>Elatine hexandra</i>	.....				Rf	<i>Ranunculus fluitans</i>	.....		
Elh*	<i>Elatine hydropiper</i>	.....				Rp	<i>Ranunculus peltatus</i>	.....		
Ef	<i>Eleogiton fluitans</i>	.....				Rpse	<i>Ranunculus penicillatus</i>	.....		
Ec	<i>Elodea canadensis</i>	.....					ssp. <i>pseudofluitans</i>	.....		
En	<i>Elodea nuttallii</i>	.....				Rtr	<i>Ranunculus trichophyllus</i>	.....		
<u>Fon</u>	<u><i>Fontinalis antipyretica</i></u>	<u>OLF</u>	✓	✓		Ruc*	<i>Ruppia cirrhosa</i>	.....		
Grd	<i>Groenlandia densa</i>	.....				Rum	<i>Ruppia maritima</i>	.....		
<u>Hip</u>	<u><i>Hippuris vulgaris</i></u>	<u>R</u>	✓	✓		<u>Spa</u>	<u><i>Sparganium angustifolium</i></u>	<u>OLF</u>	✓	✓	
Hop	<i>Hottonia palustris</i>	.....				Spem	<i>Sparganium emersum</i>	.....		
Hmr	<i>Hydrocharis morsus-ranae</i>	.....				<u>Spn</u>	<u><i>Sparganium natans</i></u>	<u>R/LF</u>	✓	✓	
Hyd	<i>Hydrocotyle vulgaris</i>	.....				Sp	<i>Sparganium sp.</i>	.....		
Ise*	<i>Isoetes echinospora</i>	.....				Spp	<i>Spirodela polyrhiza</i>	.....		
<u>Isl</u>	<u><i>Isoetes lacustris</i></u>	<u>R</u>	✓			Sub	<i>Subularia aquatica</i>	.....		
Lam	<i>Lagarosiphon major</i>	.....				Uti	<i>Utricularia intermedia</i>	.....		
Lg	<i>Lemna gibba</i>	.....				Um	<i>Utricularia minor</i>	.....		
Lm	<i>Lemna minor</i>	.....				Uo	<i>Utricularia ochroleuca</i>	.....		
Lmi	<i>Lemna minuta</i>	.....				Us	<i>Utricularia stygia</i>	.....		
Lt	<i>Lemna trisulca</i>	.....				Uva	<i>Utricularia vulgaris/australis</i> agg.	.....		
<u>Lit</u>	<u><i>Littorella uniflora</i></u>	<u>O</u>	✓	✓	✓	Ut	<i>Utricularia sp.</i>	.....		
Lob	<i>Lobelia dortmanna</i>	.....				Zan	<i>Zannichellia palustris</i>	.....		
Lun	<i>Luronium natans</i>	.....					<u><i>Juncus bulbosus</i></u>	<u>A/LD</u>	✓	✓	✓
Lyp	<i>Lythrum portula</i>	.....					.....	.....
<u>Mal</u>	<u><i>Myriophyllum alterniflorum</i></u>	<u>F/LD</u>	✓				.....	.....	
Maq	<i>Myriophyllum aquaticum</i>	.....					.....	.....
Msp	<i>Myriophyllum spicatum</i>	.....				Cha	<i>Chara sp.</i>	.....		
Nf**	<i>Najas flexilis</i>	.....				Nit	<i>Nitella sp.</i>	.....		
Nua	<i>Nuphar advena</i>	.....						.....
Nul	<i>Nuphar lutea</i>	.....						.....
Nup*	<i>Nuphar pumila</i>	.....						.....
Na	<i>Nymphaea alba</i>	.....						.....
Nyp	<i>Nymphoides peltata</i>	.....						.....
Pam	<i>Persicaria amphibia</i>	.....						.....
Pil*	<i>Pilularia globulifera</i>	.....						.....
Pal	<i>Potamogeton alpinus</i>	.....						.....
Pbe	<i>Potamogeton berchtoldii</i>	.....						.....
Pcol*	<i>Potamogeton coloratus</i>	.....						.....
Pxco	<i>Potamogeton x cooperi</i>	.....						.....
Pcr	<i>Potamogeton crispus</i>	.....						.....
Pfil*	<i>Potamogeton filiformis</i>	.....						.....
Pfr	<i>Potamogeton friesii</i>	.....						.....
Pgr	<i>Potamogeton gramineus</i>	.....						.....
Pxl	<i>Potamogeton x lintonii</i>	.....						.....
Plu	<i>Potamogeton lucens</i>	.....						.....
Pn	<i>Potamogeton natans</i>	.....						.....
Pxn	<i>Potamogeton x nitens</i>	.....						.....

SPECIES TOTAL 11

Other species not included in total:
Sphag *Sphagnum sp.* LA

Specimens:
Chara sp.
Nitella sp.
Potamogeton sp.
Utricularia sp.

Note: * = Scarce plants (occurring in 16-100 10x10km squares in Great Britain) known to occur in the Scottish Environment Agency West Region.

MAR0

VEY

NX4913 LOCH DOON NX496970 15th AUGUST 1996



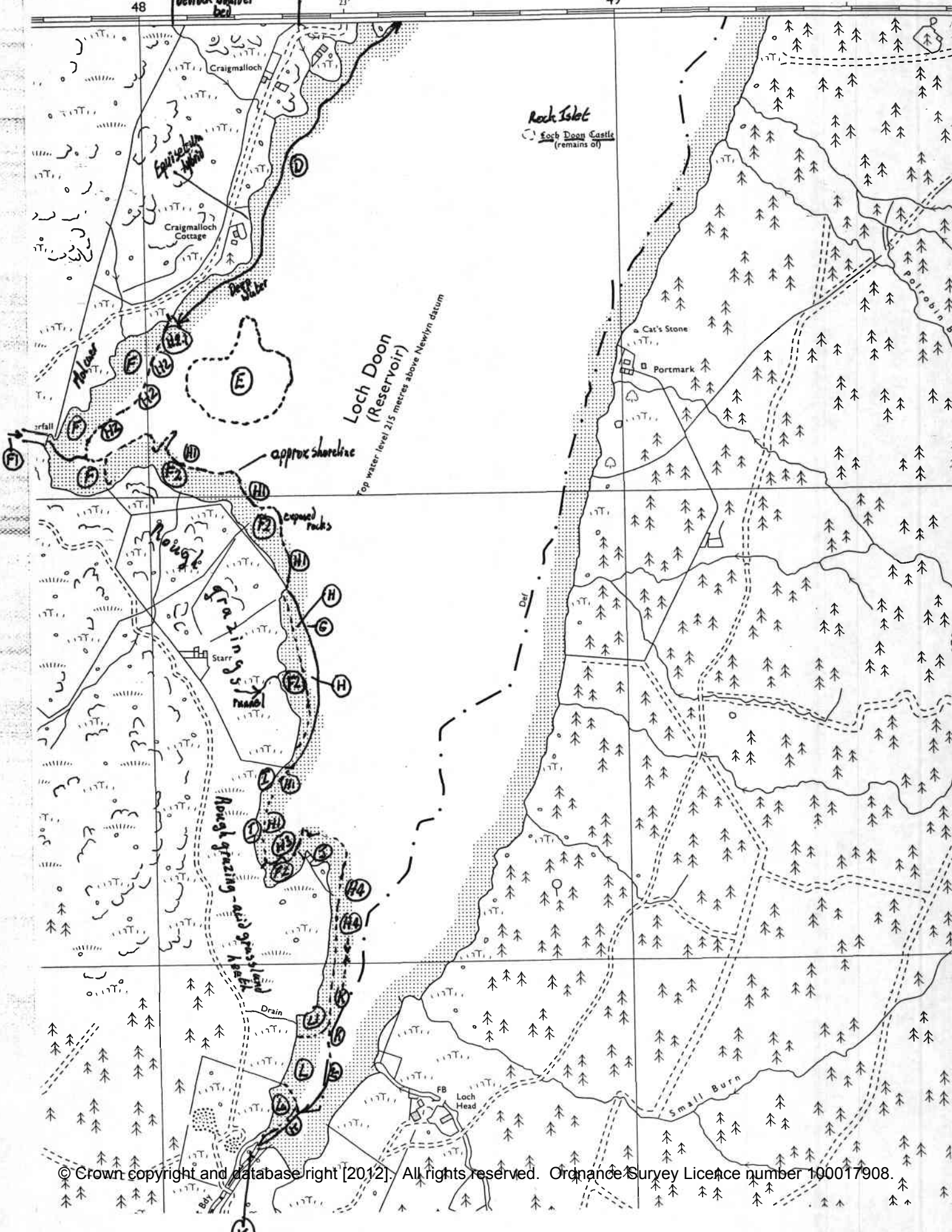
SHEET 1

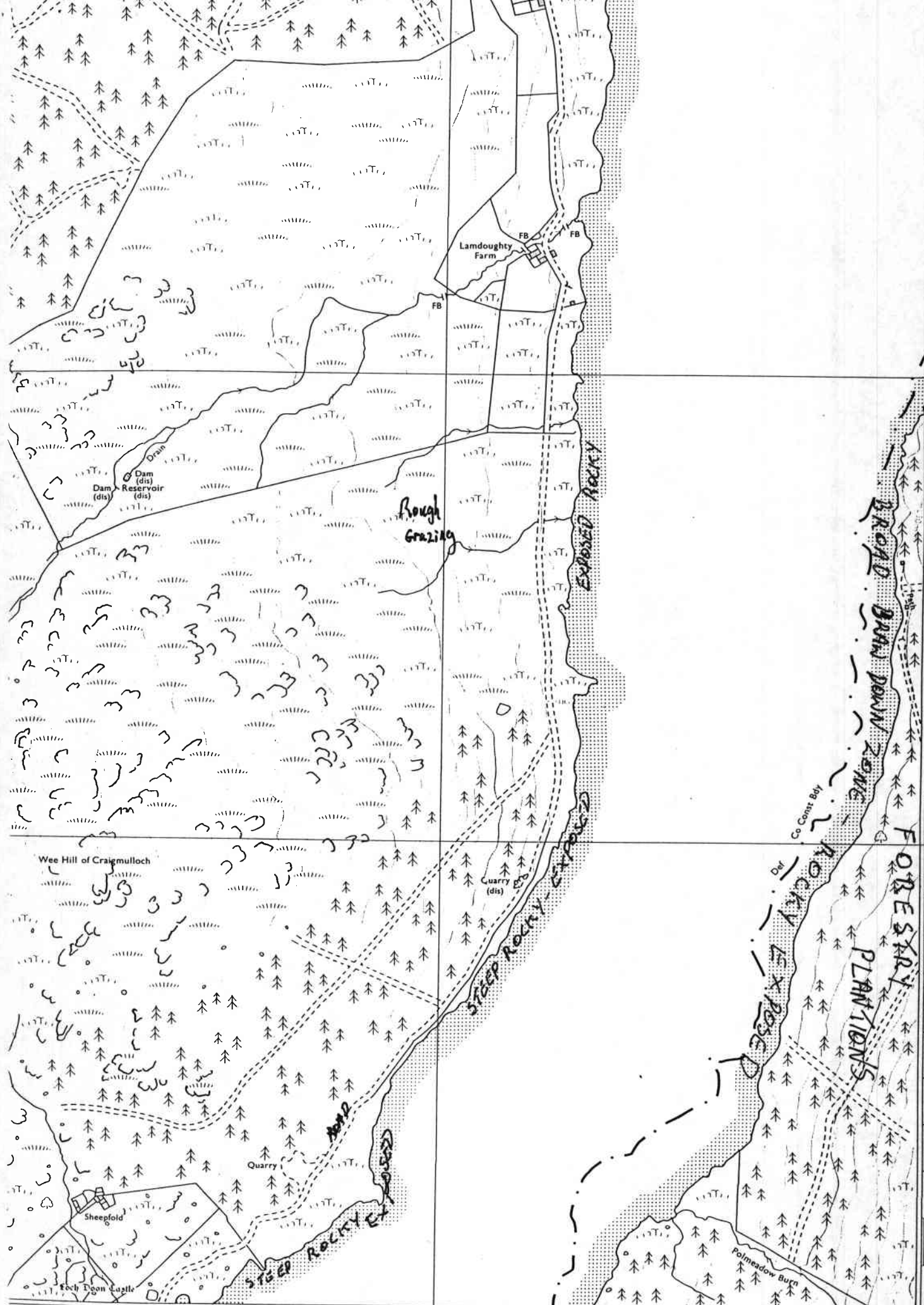
Meliorized in flow stream
bedrock boulder
bed

tunnel inflow through Malcaer Myrque mine

49

LONG
4° 22' W





15'

97 DUMFRIES AND GALLOWAY REGION STEWARTRY DISTRICT STEWARTRY NORTH ED (a) 1:50,000

96 GLENKENS WARD (a)

595000m

15000m

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LONG 4° 22' W GALLOWAY CO CONST

NX4913 LOCH DOON NX496970 15th AUGUST 1996

MAP2

ORDNANCE SURVEY

NX49B Loch Doon NX49B7D 15th August 1996



SHEET NX 49 NE

MAP 3

CUNNOCK AND DOON VALLEY DISTRICT

NEW CUNNOCK AND DOON VALLEY ED

49

Edif Planation

25000m

600000m

DALMELLINGTON WARD

55° 16' LAT

4° 12' W LONG

35

47

34

48

23

49

98

99



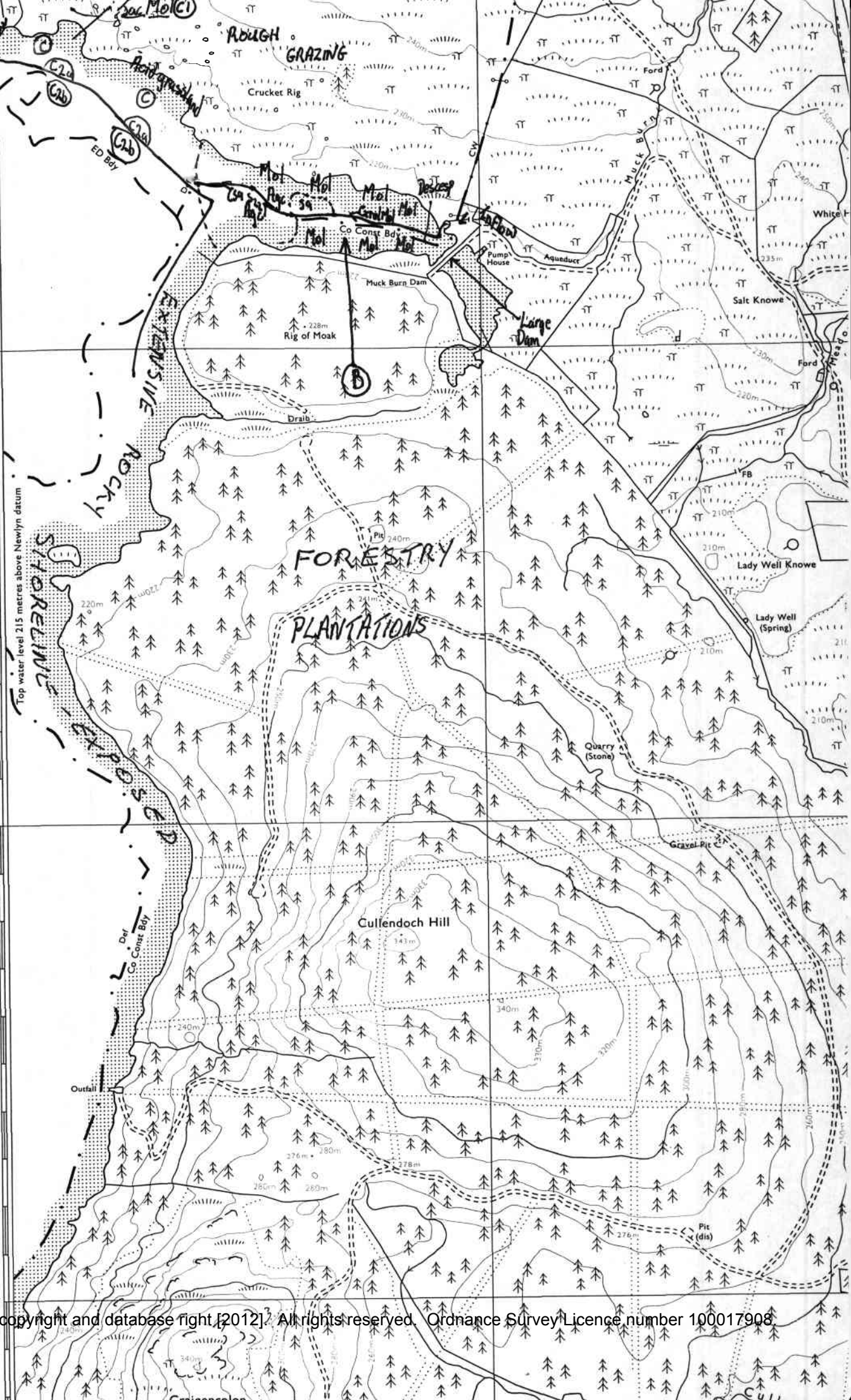
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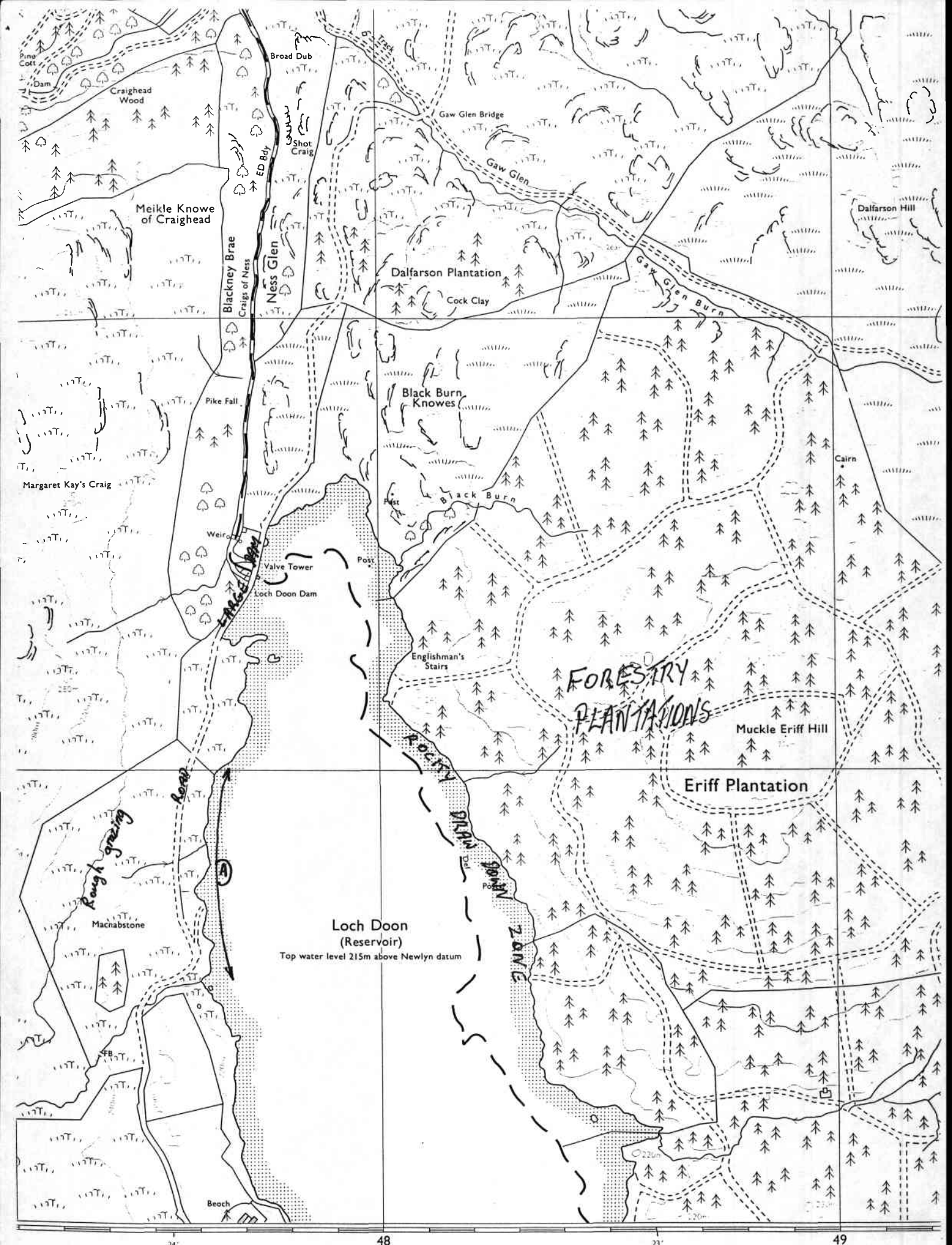
Loch Doon (Reservoir)
Top water level 215 metres above Newlyn datum.

Co Const Bdy
Def

eroding moraine
above wash

SOUTH AYRSHIRE
 LAT 55° 16'
 KYLE AND CARRICK DISTRICT
 CARRICK NORTH WARD
 CARRICK ED
 NXP13 Loch Doon NX 49670 15 August 1996
 MAP 4
 Lochn Doon (Reservoir)
 Top water level 215 metres above Newlyn datum
 STRATHCLYDE REGION
 CARRICK ED
 KYLE AND CARRICK DISTRICT
 SOUTH AYRSHIRE CO
 CARRICK NORTH WARD





NX4913 LOCH DOON NX496970 15th AUGUST 1996

MAR 95

A very large natural loch occupying a south-north trending valley. The loch is dammed by a 1930s Hydro-electric development. This raised the loch level - it appears that the mean water level has in recent times dropped. Consequently there are a series of draw down habitats. The eastern (northern) shorelines are generally very exposed - rocky with little veg. There is more variation on western side esp. in flats associated with inflows. There is a well marked zonation - higher areas - formerly flooded - these are reverting to dry/wamp ground communities (acid (Mol) grasslands. Seasonally or occasionally flooded zones - often flats - generally Agcan grasslands. Annually flooded - rocky areas little veg - stony/finer substrates with fairly good drawdown community (as @ below) - extensive. Aquatic zone mainly in sheltered areas consists almost exclusively of Sb Cah - abundant. The flora generally is limited - no doubt due to hostile environment created by drawdown regime which has left only most tolerant species. This has created a very uniform site with limited range of communities and species. However those that can tolerate the conditions (both species - communities) are super-abundant.

Site surveyed by selective sampling (only partly covered by walking)

- (A) : Aquatic regⁿ - Sb Cah
 Extensive draw down zone stoney with silt/clay - occasional flushed areas:
 Typical community - Ags Se Hyd RFI Sa Sb Lyp Can Mon Ip Elp Cas Cxd Lit Vs Egf Fon Ph Gce Gco Ppl M use Gropulig Euphrasy
 Sac Gp Gco Vardstr Ssq Leon aut Spergarv Sag proe Sbuf Isoset Ega Prunul Potere Persicaria minor
- (B) Former bay - ? periodic flooding.
 A long inlet - with central channel - stream - this (banks) have areas of G1f S22a Cxro 59a E1p S14 : Hyd RFI Hip Myl (Cas)
 - surrounding areas support: Se M23b archanel; extensive areas of Des cesp grassland; Agcan grassland - flats (with Carum vert Gco Ph Mon - occ S22a areas in channels) these communities grade into Mol caer dominated communities.
- (C) Shoreline - extensive rocky draw down zone with washed out peat flats - typical open regⁿ community sim. to (A) grading into acid grasslands
 (C1) - Sac Mol caer mire
 (C2) - Loch edge - open water: - very exposed generally O² regⁿ except for areas sheltered by boulders, old walls
 (C3) Edge Community of Sb Cas Cah Fon Lyp Ph - aquatic community Sb (B)
 'this also covers large area of 'in flow bay'
- (D) Steep -> vertical shoreline bedrock boulder shore some exposed sandy beaches. Very little regⁿ on shore or in water
- (E) Area of rock islets - old wall exposures - flats with Agcan Sb communities
- (F) Large bay with extensive drawdown zone
 (F1) Inflow - large stream / small river - strong flow over boulder / stone bed
 Bay generally zoned as follows - upper zone open Mol caer mire
 middle zone - extensive flats Agcan occ. flushed areas E1p Gco Elp Sb Spn Hyd RFI Se Can Sa Ip Egf P14
 lower zone - (annual drawdown) - Sb with Agcan mosaic - Hyd Lyp RFI Gco Lit
 lowest zone Sb -> into water Sb aquatic
- (F2) Mainly extensive Agcan flats with Sb - water edge some Mol caer upper zone
- (G) 'drowned' wall line
- (H) Aquatic community sparse in exposed areas dense where sheltered eg. in lee of old walls: Sb Filalga Cah Sphay Vs Lyp Cas Lit
- (H1) As (H) but sparse or only algae
- (H2) Aquatic community :- Sb Cah Spa Lyp Ags Lit Cas Bryophyte (H2.1) - Dense sward (H3) Bay regⁿ mainly in lee of boulders gen. sparse :- Sb Filalga Cah Sphay Vs Lyp Cas Lit
- (I) Exposed - boulder / rock shoreline
- (J) Exposed headland - sandy beach backed by Sb flats -> boulder shore
- (H4) Aquatic community sparse in lee of old walls: Sb Spn Hyd RFI Gco Lit

Ⓚ Main Inflow - Galahone
 Small river over boulder bed - strong flow
 Broad channel into 'loch area' - strong current - deep water. - abundant veg:-
Sb Sphag Dryophyte Ca.h Cas Lyp Mal Glf Vs (Isl)

Ⓛ 'Flats' around inflow - seasonal flooding - fairly extensive

General zonation upper areas → ^(L) Molcaer mire → Mosaic Cxro Sqa / Agcan Flats / Cxn stands / S22a GIF patches →
Agcan Aqs Flats → Agcan Sb channelside
 other spp. Hiphyp Vs Fra Sphag Se

Ⓛ1 Narrow zonation Molcaer → Agcan Cxn community with Cxro occ patches with Glf ld → Sb GIF along channelside